Cylindrial, Spatter-Resistance, Cable Type Proximity Sensor

(F

Features

- Prevent malfunction due to welding spatter with PTFE coating
- Improved the noise immunity with dedicated IC
- Built-in reverse polarity protection circuit (DC 3-wire type)
- Built-in surge protection circuit
- Built-in output short over current protection circuit (DC type)
- IP67 protection structure (IEC standard)
- Replaceable for spatter-resistance type limit switches

A Please read "Safety Considerations" in the instruction manual before using.



The Characteristic of Spatter-Resistance Type

The hot arc from arc welding machine is adhesive even with metals or plastics.

Therefore, normal proximity sensor might have malfunction even though there are no sensing object if the arcs are put on the sensing surface. The arcs are not adhered on the sensing part of the spatter-resistance type proximity sensor as the part is coated with PTFE against thermal resistance.

Also, the protection cover sold optionally has the same function.

Specifications

• DC 2-wire type

%When the \Box model name is X, it is non-polarity model.

Model		PRAT12-2 <u>D</u> O PRAT12-2 <u>D</u> C PRAT12-2DO-V PRAT12-2DC-V	PRAT18-500 PRAT18-50C PRAT18-5DO-V PRAT18-5DC-V	PRAT30-10DO PRAT30-10DC PRAT30-10DO-V PRAT30-10DC-V	
Diameter of the sensing side		12mm	18mm	30mm	
Sensing	distance	2mm	5mm	10mm	
Installation		Shield (flush)			
Hysteresis		Max. 10% of sensing distance			
Standar	d sensing target	12×12×1mm (iron)	18×18×1mm (iron)	30×30×1mm (iron)	
Setting of	distance	0 to 1.4mm	0 to 3.5mm	0 to 7mm	
Power supply (operating voltage)		12-24VDC== (10-30VDC==)			
Leakage current		Max. 0.6mA			
Response frequency ^{*1}		1.5kHz	500Hz	400Hz	
Residual voltage ^{*2}		Max. 3.5V (non-polarity type is max. 5V)			
Affection by Temp.		Max. ±10% for sensing distance at ambient temperature 20°C			
Control output		2 to 100mA			
Insulation resistance		Over 50MΩ (at 500VDC megger)			
Dielectric strength		1,500VAC 50/60Hz for 1 min (between all terminals and case)			
Vibration		1mm amplitude at frequency 10 to 55Hz (for 1 min) in each X, Y, Z direction for 2 hours			
Shock		500m/s² (approx. 50G) in each X, Y, Z directions for 3 times			
Indicator		Operation indicator: Red LED			
Environ-	Ambient temperature	-25 to 70°C, storage: -30 to 80°C			
ment	Ambient humidity	35 to 95%RH, storage: 35 to 95%RH			
Protection circuit		Surge protection circuit, output short over current protection circuit			
Protection structure		IP67 (IEC standard)			
Cable		Ø4mm, 2-wire, 2m	Ø5mm, 2-wire, 2m		
		AWG22, Core diameter: 0.8mm, Number of cores: 60, Insulator diameter: Ø1.25mm			
Material		Case/Nut: PTFE coated brass, Washer: PTFE coated iron, Sensing surface: PTFE, Standard cable (black): Polyvinyl chloride (PVC), Oil resistant cable (gray): Oil resistant polyvinyl chloride (PVC)			
Approval		CE			
Weight ^{×3}		Approx. 84g (approx. 72g)	Approx. 122g (approx. 110g)	Approx. 207g (approx. 170g)	

X1: The response frequency is the average value. The standard sensing target is used and the width is set as 2 times of the standard sensing target, 1/2 of the sensing distance for the distance.

2: Before using non-polarity type, check the condition of connected device because residual voltage is 5V.

X3: The weight includes packaging. The weight in parenthesis in for unit only.

**For more information about cable and specification, refer to the (I) Connectors/Cable Connectors/Sensor Distribution Boxes/Sockets **The '
of model name is for power type. 'D' is 12-24VDC, 'X' is non-polarity 12-24VDC.

*Environment resistance is rated at no freezing or condensation.

Specifications

DC 3-wire type PRA12-2DN PRA18-5DN PRA30-10DN PRA12-2DP PRA18-5DP PRA30-10DP Mode PRA12-2DN2 PRA18-5DN2 PRA30-10DN2 PRA12-2DP2 PRA18-5DP2 PRA30-10DP2 Diameter of the sensing side 12mm 18mm 30mm Sensing distance 5mm 10mm 2mm Installation Shield (flush) Hysteresis Max. 10% of sensing distance 12×12×1mm (iron) Standard sensing target 18×18×1mm (iron) 30×30×1mm (iron) Setting distance 0 to 1.4mm 0 to 3.5mm 0 to 7mm Power supply 12-24VDC= (operating voltage) (10-30VDC==) Max. 10mA Current consumption 500Hz 400Hz Response frequency 1.5kHz Residual voltage Max. 1.5V Affection by Temp Max. ±10% for sensing distance at ambient temperature 20°C Max. 200mA Control output Over 50MΩ (at 500VDC megger) Insulation resistance 1,500VAC 50/60Hz for 1 min Dielectric strength Vibration 1mm amplitude at frequency 10 to 55Hz (for 1 min) in each X, Y, Z direction for 2 hours Shock 500m/s² (appox. 50G) in each X, Y, Z direction for 3 times Indicator Operation indicator: Red LED Environ- Ambient temperature -25 to 70°C, storage: -30 to 80°C 35 to 95%RH, storage: 35 to 95%RH lment Ambient humidity Surge protection circuit, reverse polarity protection circuit, output short over current protection circuit Protection circuit Protection structure IP67 (IEC standard) Ø4mm, 3-wire, 2m Ø5mm, 3-wire, 2m Cable AWG22, Core diameter: 0.8mm, Number of cores: 60, Insulator diameter: Ø1.25mm Material Case/Nut: PTFE coated brass, Washer: PTFE coated iron, Sensing surface: PTFE, Standard cable (black): Polyvinyl chloride (PVC) CE Approval Weight*2 Approx. 84g (approx. 72g) Approx. 122g (appox. 110g) Approx. 207g (approx. 170g) AC 2-wire type PRA18-5AO PRA30-10AO PRA12-2A0 Model PRA12-2AC PRA30-10AC PRA18-5AC 18mm 30mm Diameter of the sensing side 12mm 10mm Sensing distance 2mm 5mm Installation Shield (flush) Hysteresis Max. 10% of sensing distance 12×12×1mm (iron) 18×18×1mm (iron) 30×30×1mm (iron) Standard sensing target Setting distance 0 to 1.4mm 0 to 3.5mm 0 to 7mm Power supply 100-240VAC (operating voltage (85-264VAC~ Max. 2.5mA Leakage current Response frequency 20Hz Max. 10V Residual voltage Affection by Temp Max. ±10% for sensing distance at ambient temperature 20°C Control output 5 to 150mA 5 to 200mA Insulation resistance Over 50MΩ (at 500VDC megger) Dielectric strength 2,500VAC 50/60Hz for 1 min

(G) Pressure Sensors (H)

SENSORS

CONTROLLERS

MOTION DEVICES

SOFTWARE

(A)

(B) Fiber Optic

Sensors

(C) LiDAR

(D) Door/Area

Sensors

(E) Vision Sensors

(F)

Proximity Sensors

Photoelectric Sensors

Rotary Encoders (I) Connectors/

Connectors/ Connector Cables/ Sensor Distribution Boxes/ Sockets

 Weight^{*2}
 Approx. 78g (approx. 66g)
 Approx. 118g (approx. 106g)
 Approx. 207g (approx. 170g)

 %1: The response frequency is the average value. The standard sensing target is used and the width is set as 2 times of the standard sensing target, 1/2 of the sensing distance for the distance.
 Sensing target is used and the width is set as 2 times of the standard sensing target.

%2: The weight includes packaging. The weight in parenthesis in for unit only.

Operation indicator: Red LED

Surge protection circuit

IP67 (IEC standard) Ø4mm, 2-wire, 2m

-25 to 70°C, storage: -30 to 80°C

35 to 95%RH, storage: 35 to 95%RH

Environment resistance is rated at no freezing or condensation

CE

Vibration

Indicator

Protection circuit Protection structure

Environ- Ambient temperature

Ambient humidity

Shock

lment

Cable

Material

Insulation type Approval



1mm amplitude at frequency 10 to 55Hz (for 1 min) in each X, Y, Z direction for 2 hours

Ø5mm, 2-wire, 2m

Case/Nut: PTFE coated brass, Washer: PTFE coated iron, Sensing surface: PTFE, Standard cable (black): Polyvinyl chloride (PVC) Double insulation or reinforced insulation (Mark: , Dielectric strength between the measuring input part and the power part: 1.5kVAC)

AWG22, Core diameter: 0.8mm, Number of cores: 60, Insulator diameter: Ø1.25mm

500m/s² (approx. 50G) in each X, Y, Z direction for 3 times

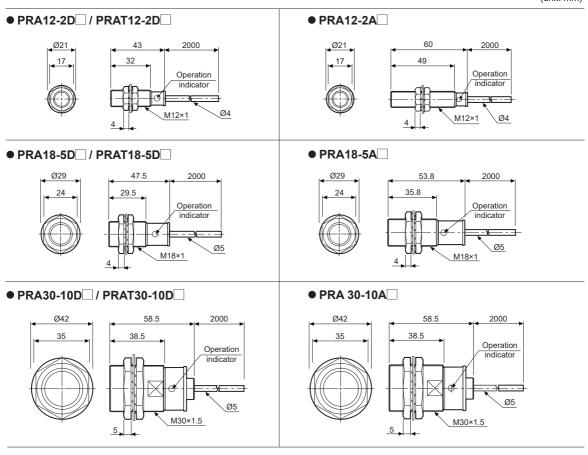
Dimensions



N.O.

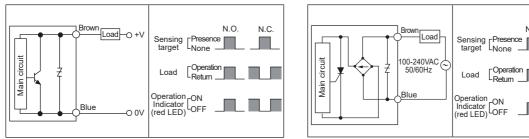
Coperation

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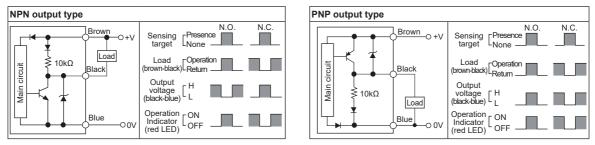


Control Output Diagram and Load Operation

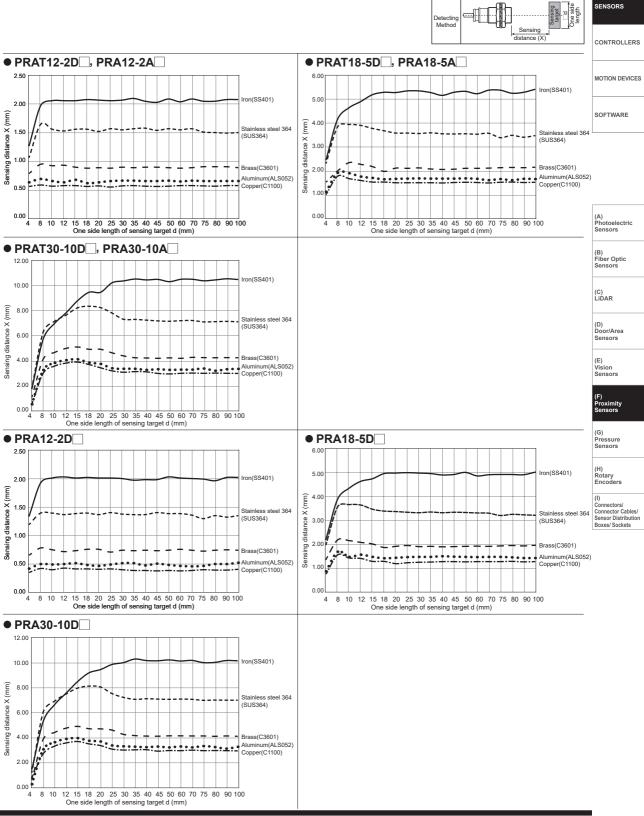
O DC 2-wire type



ODC 3-wire type

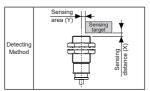


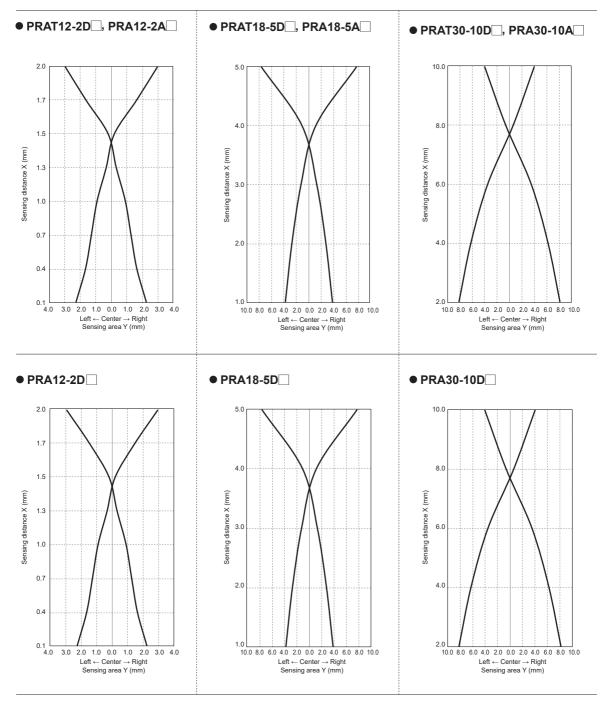
O AC 2-wire type



Sensing Distance Feature Data by Target Material and Size

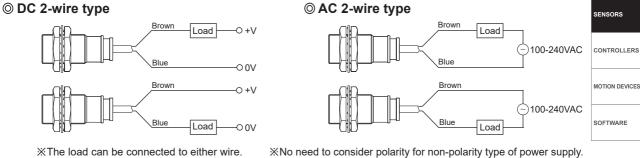
Sensing Distance Feature Data by Parallel (Left/Right) Movement



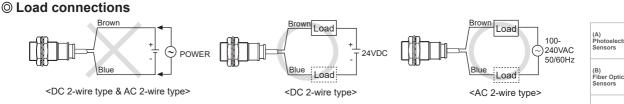


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Connections



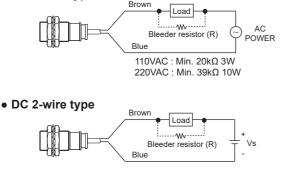
Proper Usage



When using DC or AC 2-wire type proximity sensor, the load must be connected otherwise internal components may be damaged. The load can be connected to either wire.

◎ In case of the load current is small

• AC 2-wire type



If the load current is under 5mA, please make sure the residual voltage is less than the return voltage of the load by connecting a bleeder resistor in parallel with the load as shown in the diagram.

$$R \le \frac{V_s}{I}(k\Omega)$$
 $P > \frac{V_s^2}{R}(W)$

[I: Action current of load, R: Bleeder resistance, P: Permissible power] (G) Pressure Sensors Please make the current on proximity sensor smaller than the return current of load by connecting a bleeder resistor in parallel. (H) Rotary Encoders

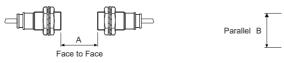
XW value of Bleeder resistor should be bigger for proper heat.

$$R \le \frac{V_s}{Io-loff} (k\Omega) \qquad P > \frac{V_s^2}{R} (W)$$

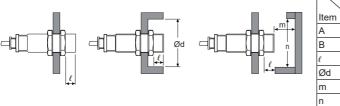
 $[\begin{tabular}{ll} Vs: Power supply, & lo: Min. action current of proximity sen for the sentence of the s$ Io: Min. action current of proximity sensor 1

O Mutual-interference & Influence by surrounding metals

When several proximity sensors are mounted close to one another a malfunction of th may be caused due to mutual interference. Therefore, be sure to provide a minimum distance between the two sensors as below chart indicates.



When sensors are mounted on metallic panel, you must prevent the sensors from being affected by any metallic object except target. Therefore, be sure to provide a minimum distance a



IS	s below chart indicates. (unit: mm)						
ſ	Nodel	PRAT12-2D	PRAT18-5D	PRAT30-10D			
		PRA12-2D	PRA18-5D	PRA30-10D			
	Item 🔪	PRA12-2A	PRA18-5A	PRA30-10A			
	A	12	30	60			
	В	24	36	60			
[l	0	0	0			
[Ød	12	18	30			
[m	6	15	30			
[n	18	27	45			

(1)
Connectors/
Connector Cables/
Sensor Distribution
Povos/Sockota

(A) Photoelectric

(C) LiDAR

(D) Door/Area

Sensors

Vision Sensors

Proximity Sensors

(E)

(F)